Optik Eosin Y Type 2

1. Identification

Product Name: Optik Eosin Y Type 2
Item #: RS4365-A

Synonyms: N/A

Recommended Use: Stain Solution
Restrictions on Use: Not a beverage

Supplier: Avantik
Avantik
32 Commerce St
Springfield, NJ 07081
(800) 783-9424

In Case of Emergency:
Chemtrec US 1-800-424-9300

2. Hazards Identification

OSHA Hazard Classification(s):
Skin Irritation - Category 2
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (single exposure) - Category 1
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (repeated exposure) - Category 2
Flammable Liquids - Category 2

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement(s): Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system). May cause damage to organs (respiratory system, central nervous system, liver, blood) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Pictogram(s):

Precautionary Statement(s):

Response: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment (see first aid section on this label). If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue Rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. If exposed or concerned: Call a doctor. Call a doctor if you feel unwell. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use water, dry chemical, CO2 or foam to extinguish.

Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

Descriptions of Hazards not otherwise classified: N/A
Percent of mixture with unknown acute toxicity: N/A

3. Composition and Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>Common Name</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>Concentration %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Ethanol</td>
<td>67-17-5</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Isopropanol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl Alcohol</td>
<td>Methanol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eosin Y</td>
<td></td>
<td>17372-87-1</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glacial Acetic Acid</td>
<td></td>
<td>64-19-7</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. First Aid Measures

Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact: If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Inhalation: Vapor Harmful. Remove to fresh air; give artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Ingestion: Poison. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed. If exposed: Call a doctor. Cannot be made nonpoisonous. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into the lungs. Get medical attention.

Symptoms: Irritation eyes, nose, throat; headache, dizziness, drowsiness, lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), narcosis; cough; liver damage; anemia; reproductive, teratogenic effects.

Recommendations for immediate medical care/special treatment: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

5. Fire- Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and disperse vapors.

Fire Hazards (Chemical): OSHA classified Flammable Liquid. Vapors are flammable.

Special Protective Equipment: Fire fighters should use self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Precautions for Firefighters: Carbon monoxide and unidentified organic compounds may be formed during combustion. Vapors can travel distances to ignition source and flash back. Cool fire exposed containers with water. Fine mist or spray may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point. When heated above the flash point this material emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate the area of all unnecessary personnel. Wear suitable protective equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition and provide ventilation.

Protective Equipment: See section 8

Environmental Precautions: Prevent release to the environment by using barriers.


7. Handling and Storage

Handling: Do not breathe vapors. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Storage: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reagent</th>
<th>CAS #</th>
<th>OSHA PEL TWA</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>1000ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>400ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-56-1</td>
<td>200ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glacial Acetic Acid</td>
<td>64-19-7</td>
<td>10ppm</td>
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ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLVs):

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<tr>
<th>Reagent</th>
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<th>ACGIH PEL TLV</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ethyl Alcohol</td>
<td>64-17-5</td>
<td>1000ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl Alcohol</td>
<td>67-63-0</td>
<td>400ppm (983 mg/m3)</td>
<td>500ppm (1230 mg/m3)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Methyl Alcohol | 67-56-1 | 200ppm (262 mg/m³) | 250ppm (328 mg/m³)
Glacial Acetic Acid | 64-19-7 | 10ppm | 15ppm

**Engineering Controls:** Use in a well ventilated area to prevent exposure. Maintain eyewash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work areas.

**Personal Protective Measures:** Wear gloves, lab coat, eye protection and impervious footwear. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with this material.

**Special PPE Requirements:** If ventilation hood not available wear respirator.

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties Section

**Appearance:** Bright orange/red, Bright orange/red liquid

**Molecular Weight:** N/A

**Molecular Formula:** N/A

**pH:** N/A

**Boiling Point and Boiling Range:** N/A

**Melting Point/Freezing Point:** N/A

**Flash Point:** N/A

**Specific Gravity/Relative Density:** N/A

**Odor:** Characteristic alcohol odor

**Odor Threshold:** N/A

**Color:** Bright orange/red

**Flammability (solid/gas):** Emits flammable vapors, flammable liquid

**Vapor Density:** N/A

**Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits:** N/A

**Vapor Pressure:** N/A

**Evaporation Rate:** N/A

**Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water:** N/A

**Viscosity:** N/A

**Auto-ignition temperature:** N/A

**Solubility:** Miscible in water

**Decomposition Temperature:** N/A

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Reactivity:**

**Chemical Stability:** Stable

**Conditions of Stability/Instability:** Instable under heat

**Stabilizers needed:** None

**Safety issue indicated by appearance change:** N/A

**Other:** N/A

**Hazardous Reactions:** N/A

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Does not occur

**Conditions to avoid:** Heat, open flame.

**Classes of Incompatible Materials:** Strong oxidizers, potassium dioxide, bromine pentfluoride, acetyl bromide, acetyl chloride, platinum, sodium

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal-oxidation degradation can produce oxides of carbon. Toxic gases and vapors (i.e. Carbon monoxide) may be released in a fire.

### 11. Toxicological Information

**Likely Routes of Exposure**
Eyes: Irritation.
Skin: Irritation.
Inhalation: Dizziness, headache, nausea, narcosis
Ingestion: May cause blindness, nausea, damage to gastrointestinal tract, liver, kidneys and cardiovascular system. Carcinogenic if ingested repeatedly over time (IARC List 1-Ethanol in alcoholic beverages)

Signs or Symptoms of Exposure: Irritation eyes, skin, nose; headache, drowsiness, lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), narcosis; cough; liver damage; anemia; reproductive, teratogenic effects
Effects from short term exposure (delayed, immediate, chronic): May cause blindness, nausea, damage to gastrointestinal tract, liver, kidneys and cardiovascular system
Acute Toxicity (Numerical Measures): Ethanol: LD50 (oral, mouse) = 3450 mg/kg, LC50 (inhalation, mouse) = 39000 mg/m3/4H
Carcinogenicity (NTP, IARC, OSHA): Not listed as a carcinogen.* *Note: Ethanol in alcoholic beverages is listed as IARC List 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

12. Ecological Information
Ecotoxicity: N/A
Persistence and degradability: N/A
Bioaccumulation Potential (octanol-water partition coefficient, BCF): N/A
Mobility in the soil: N/A
Adverse Environmental Effects: N/A

13. Disposal Considerations
Recommended Disposal Containers: Check with your local waste authorities*
Recommended Disposal Methods: Do not dispose of in drains, check with your local waste authorities.*
Physical/Chemical Properties affecting Disposal: See section 2 and section 9 applicable information.*
Special Precautions for Landfill and Incineration Activities: Check with your local waste authorities.*
Waste Stream: Consult your local or regional authorities.*

14. Transport Information
UN Number: UN1170
UN Proper Shipping Name: Ethanol
Transport Hazard Class(es): 3
Packing Group Number: III
Environmental Hazards (IMDG code):
Marine Pollutant: No
Transport in Bulk (IBC Code): N/A
Special Transport Precautions: N/A

15. Regulatory Information
OSHA:
DOT:
EPA:
CPSC:
16. Other Information

**Revision Date:** 11/14/2014

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